

# Introduction to HPC Using zcluster at GACRC

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Georgia Advanced Computing Resource Center

University of Georgia

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# Outline

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- What is GACRC?
- What is HPC Concept?
- What is zcluster?
- How does zcluster operate?
- How to work with zcluster?

# What is GACRC?

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## Who Are We?

- Georgia **A**dvanced **C**omputing **R**esource **C**enter
- Collaboration between the Office of Vice President for Research (**OVPR**) and the Office of the Vice President for Information Technology (**OVPIIT**)
- Guided by a faculty advisory committee (GACRC-AC)

## Why Are We Here?

- To provide computing hardware and network infrastructure in support of high-performance computing (**HPC**) at UGA

## Where Are We?

- <http://gacrc.uga.edu> (Web) <http://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu> (Wiki)
- <http://gacrc.uga.edu/help/> (Web Help)
- [https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Getting\\_Help](https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Getting_Help) (Wiki Help)

# GACRC Users September 2015

<b>Colleges &amp; Schools</b>	<b>Depts</b>	<b>PIs</b>	<b>Users</b>
Franklin College of Arts and Sciences	<b>14</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>661</b>
College of Agricultural & Environmental Sciences	<b>9</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>128</b>
College of Engineering	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>33</b>
School of Forestry & Natural Resources	<b>1</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>31</b>
College of Veterinary Medicine	<b>4</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>29</b>
College of Public Health	<b>2</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>28</b>
College of Education	<b>2</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>
Terry College of Business	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>10</b>
School of Ecology	<b>1</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>22</b>
School of Public and International Affairs	<b>1</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>
College of Pharmacy	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>
	<b>40</b>	<b>214</b>	<b>970</b>
<b>Centers &amp; Institutes</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>59</b>
<b>TOTALS:</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>1029</b>

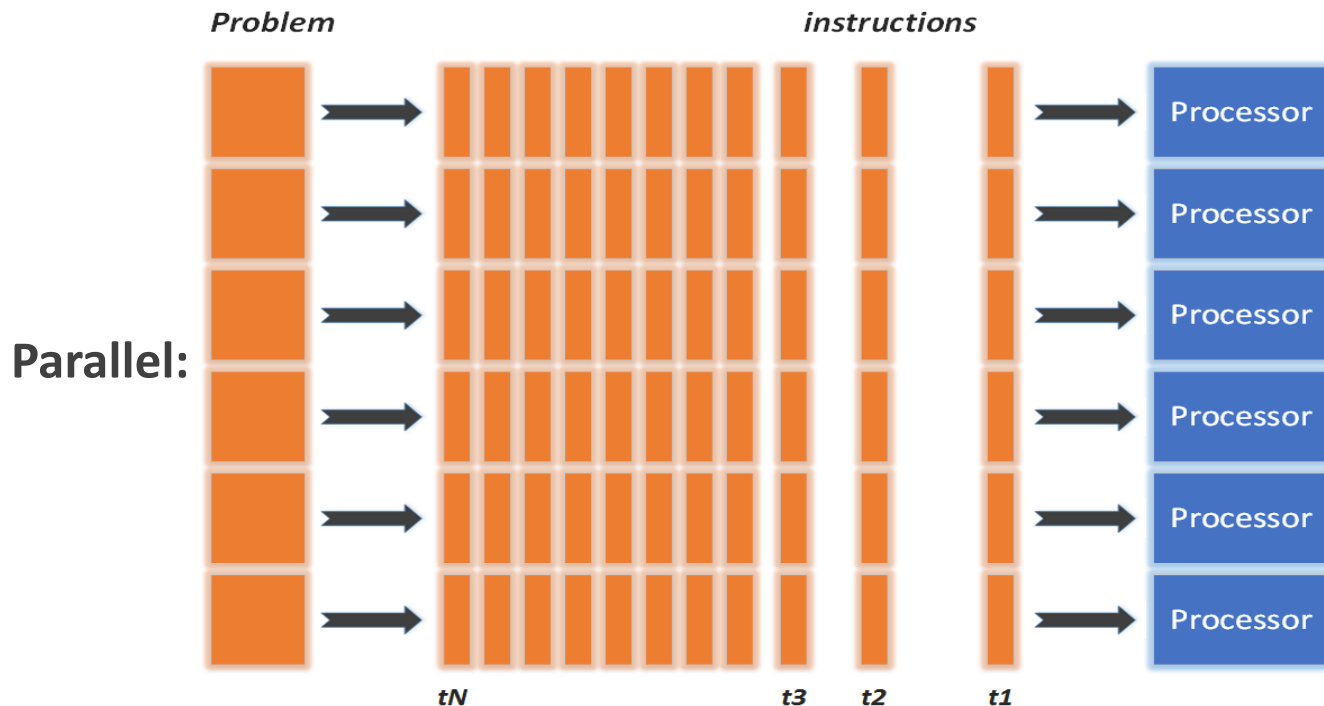
# GACRC Users September 2015

<b>Centers &amp; Institutes</b>	<b>PIs</b>	<b>Users</b>
Center for Applied Isotope Study	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Center for Computational Quantum Chemistry	<b>3</b>	<b>10</b>
Complex Carbohydrate Research Center	<b>6</b>	<b>28</b>
Georgia Genomics Facility	<b>1</b>	<b>5</b>
Institute of Bioinformatics	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Savannah River Ecology Laboratory	<b>3</b>	<b>9</b>
Skidaway Institute of Oceanography	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>
Center for Family Research	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
Carl Vinson Institute of Government	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>
	<b>19</b>	<b>59</b>

# Concept of High Performance Computing (HPC)



- ✓ **Serial** problem can not be broken
- ✓ *Discrete* instructions executed *sequentially*
- ✓ Only *1* instruction executed at any moment on a *single* processor



- ✓ Problem broken into *parallel* parts can be solved *concurrently*
- ✓ Instructions executed *simultaneously* on *multiply* processors
- ✓ Synchronization/communication employed
- ✓ **Shared-memory multithreaded job** or **MPI job** (Message Passing Interface)

# What is zcluster?

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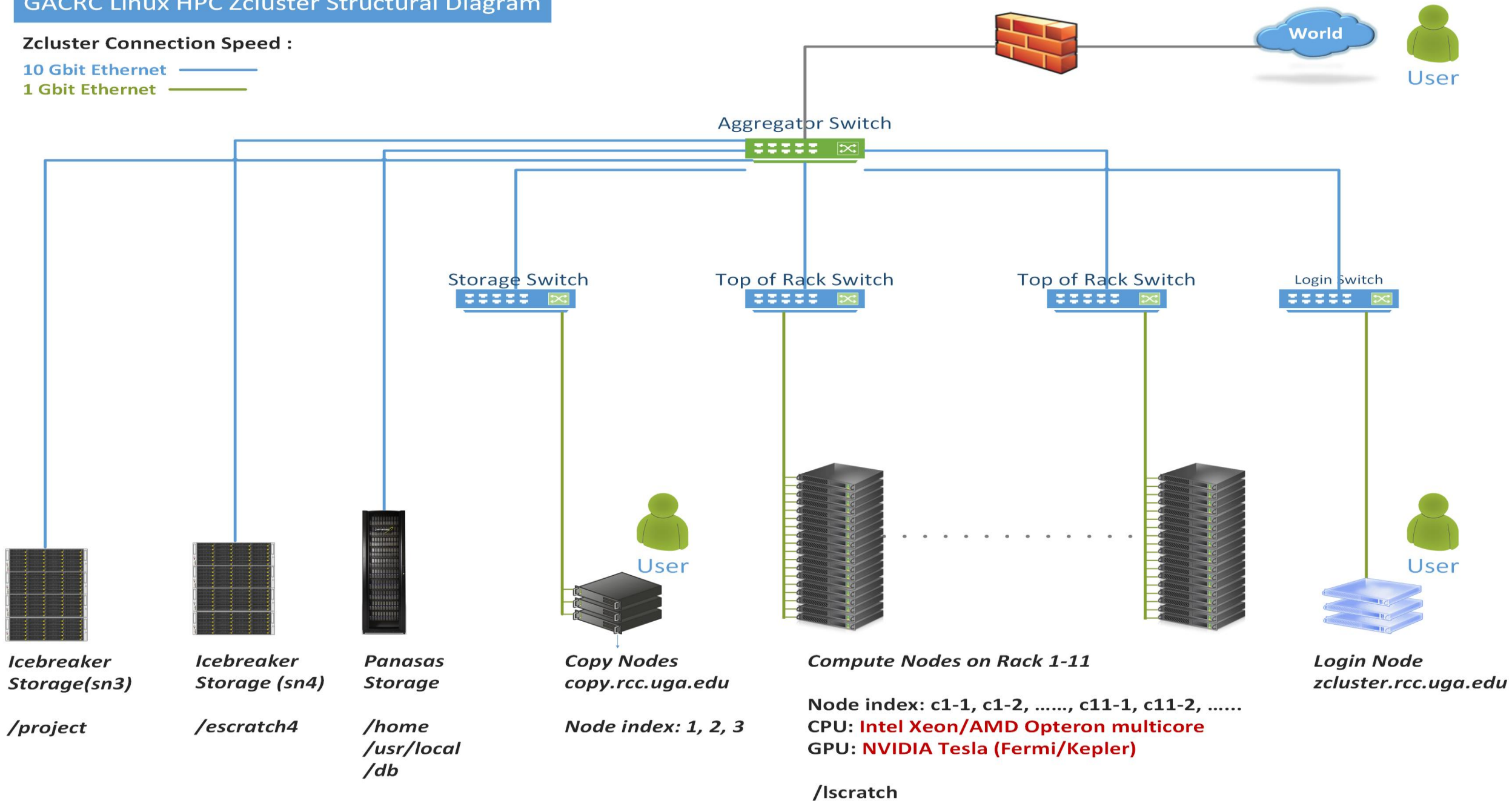
- Cluster Structural Diagram
- General Information
- Computing Resources
- Storage Environment

# GACRC Linux HPC Zcluster Structural Diagram

## Zcluster Connection Speed :

10 Gbit Ethernet 

1 Gbit Ethernet 








# What is zcluster – General Information

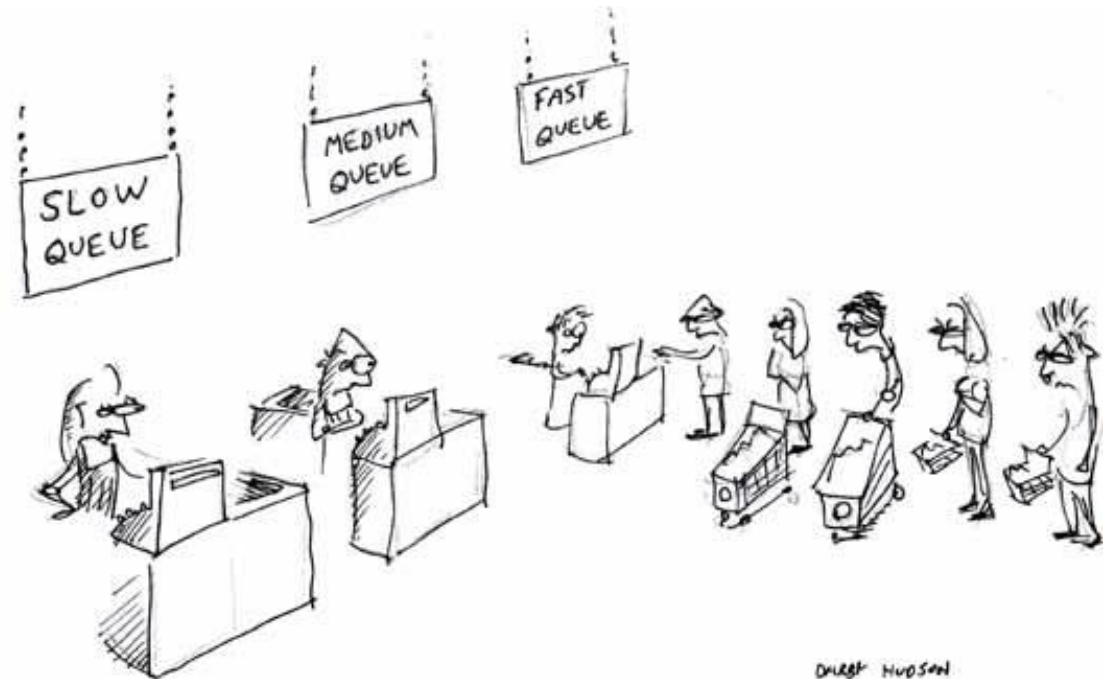
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GACRC zcluster is a Linux high performance computing (HPC) cluster:

- Operating System: **64-bit Red Hat Enterprise Linux 5 (RHEL 5)**
- Login Node: **zcluster.rcc.uga.edu**  Interactive Node: **compute-14-7/9**  
Copy Node: **copy.rcc.uga.edu**  
qlogin
- Internodal Communication: **1Gbit** network  
compute nodes  compute nodes  
compute nodes  storage systems

# What is zcluster – General Information

- Batch-queueing System:
  - Jobs can be started (submitted), monitored, and controlled
  - Determine which compute node is the best place to run a job
  - Determine appropriate execution priority for a job to run
  
- On zcluster: **Sun Grid Engine (SGE)**

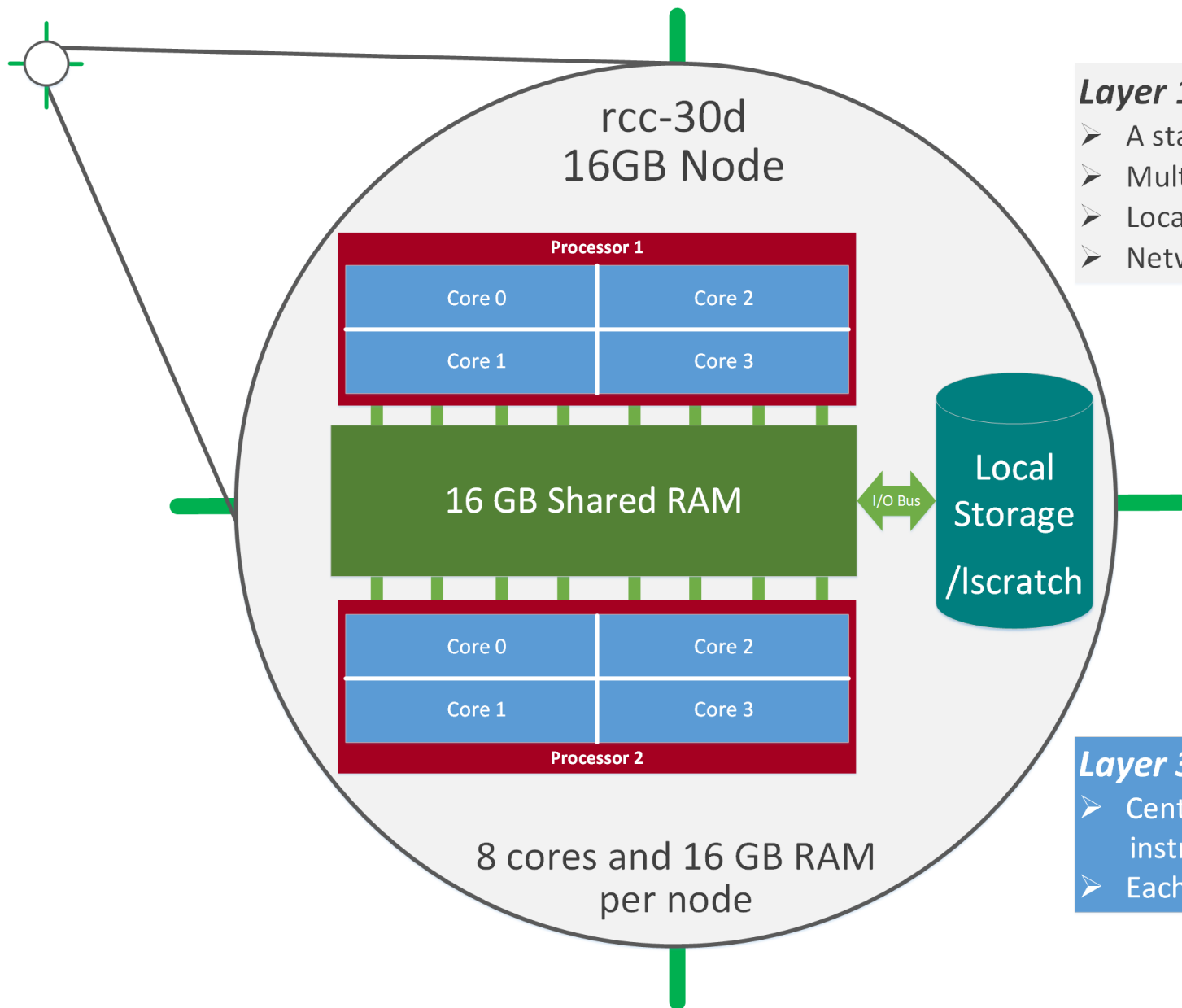


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# What is zcluster – Computing Resources

Queue Type	Queue Name	Nodes	Processor	Cores/Node	RAM(GB)/Node	Cores	NVIDIA GPU
Regular	rcc-30d	45	Intel Xeon	12	48	540	N/A
		150		8	16	1200	
High Memory	rcc-m128-30d	1	Intel Xeon	8	128	8	N/A
		4		8	192	32	
		10		12	256	120	
	rcc-m512-30d	2		32	512	64	
Multi Core	rcc-mc-30d	6	AMD Opteron	32	64	192	N/A
Interactive	interq	2	AMD Opteron	48	132	96	N/A
GPU	rcc-sgpu-30d	2	Intel Xeon	8	48	16	4 Tesla S1070 cards
	rcc-mgpu-30d	2		12	48	24	9 Tesla (Fermi) M2070 cards
	rcc-kgpu-30d	4		12	96	24	32 Tesla (Kepler) K20Xm cards

**Total peak performance: 23 Tflops**



### Layer 1: Node

- A standalone “computer in a box”
- Multiple processors, e.g. 2, sharing memory
- Local disk storage, network interface, etc.
- Networked into a cluster

### Layer 2: Processor

- A single computing component
- Multicore processor, e.g. 4 cores

### Layer 3: Core

- Central processing unit (CPU) reading and executing instructions independently
- Each core is assigned to a software thread

# What is zcluster – Storage Environment

- **Home directory** → */home/groupname/username*
  - Mounted and visible on **all nodes**, with a quota of **~100GB**
  - Any directory on /home has **snapshot** backups
    - Taken once a day, and maintained **4 daily** ones and **1 weekly** one
    - Name: **.snapshot**, e.g., /home/abclab/jsmith/.snapshot
    - **Completely invisible**, however, user can “cd” into it and then “ls”:

```

zhuofei@zcluster:~$ ls -a
.          .bash_profile  .emacs.d      .fontconfig   .maple_history  MPIs      scripts  test.sh
..         .bashrc       .ENV_file    .gnuplot_history .Mathematica    openMPs   serials  .viminfo
.bash_history  downloads    exe          .history      .mc             .profile  sht      .Xauthority
.bash_logout  .emacs      .flexlmrc   .lessht      .mozilla        Pthreads  .ssh     ← .snapshot is NOT
zhuofei@zcluster:~$ cd .snapshot ← can “cd” into .snapshot      shown here!
zhuofei@zcluster:~/ .snapshot$ ls ← then “ls” to list its contents
2015.06.21.00.00.01.weekly  2015.06.27.01.00.01.daily  2015.06.28.01.00.01.daily  2015.06.30.01.00.01.daily
2015.06.26.01.00.01.daily  2015.06.28.00.00.01.weekly  2015.06.29.01.00.01.daily

```

# What is zcluster – Storage Environment

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- **Local scratch** → `/lscratch/username`
  - On **local disk** of each **compute** node → **node-local storage**
  - rcc-30d 8-core nodes: **~18GB**, rcc-30d 12-core nodes: **~370GB**
  - **No snapshot backup**
  - Usage Suggestion: *If your job writes results to /lscratch, job submission script should move the data to your home or escratch before exit*
- **Ephemeral Scratch** → `/scratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25`
  - Create with `make_escalch` command
  - Visible to **all nodes** with a quota of **4TB**
  - **No snapshot backup**
  - To be deleted after **37 days**

# What is zcluster – Storage Environment

Filesystem	Role	Quota	Accessible from	Intended Use	Notes
/home/abclab/username	Home	100GB	<a href="http://zcluster.rcc.uga.edu">zcluster.rcc.uga.edu</a> (Login)	Highly static data being used frequently	Snapshots
/escratch4/username	Scratch	4TB	<a href="http://copy.rcc.uga.edu">copy.rcc.uga.edu</a> (Copy) Interactive nodes (Interactive) compute nodes (Compute)	Temporarily storing large data being used by jobs	Auto-deleted in <b>37</b> days
/lscratch/username	Local Scratch	18 ~ 370GB	Individual compute node	Jobs with heavy disk I/O	User to clean up
/project/abclab	Storage	Variable	<a href="http://copy.rcc.uga.edu">copy.rcc.uga.edu</a> (Copy)	Long-term data storage	Group sharing possible

- Note:
1. /usr/local : Software installation directory  
/db : bioinformatics database installation directory
  2. To login to [Interactive](#) nodes, use [qlogin](#) from [Login](#) node

# What is zcluster – Storage Environment

6 Main Function	On/From-Node	Related Filesystem
Login Landing	Login or Copy	/home/abclab/username (Home) (Always!)
Batch Job Submitting	Login or Interactive	/escratch4/username (Scratch) (Suggested!) /home/abclab/username (Home)
Interactive Job Running	Interactive	/escratch4/username (Scratch) /home/abclab/username (Home)
Data Archiving , Compressing and Transferring	Copy	/escratch4/username (Scratch) /home/abclab/username (Home)
Job Data Temporarily Storing	Compute	/lscratch/username (Local Scratch) /escratch4/username (Scratch)
Long-term Data Storing	Copy	/project/abclab



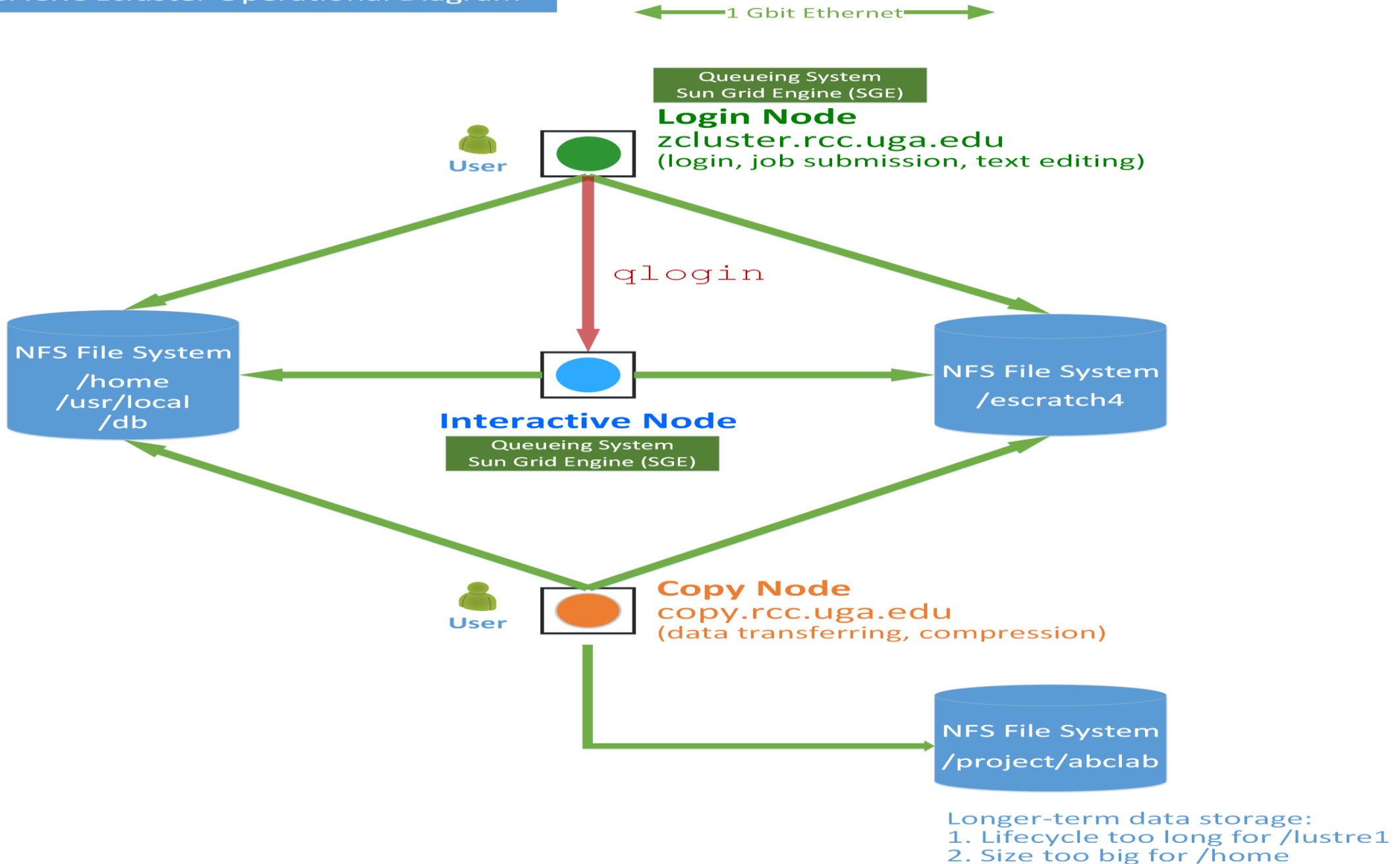
# How does zcluster operate?

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Next Page



# GACRC zcluster Operational Diagram



# How to work with zcluster?

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## *Before we start:*

- To get zcluster to be your best HPC buddy, go to  
**GACRC Wiki** (<http://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu>)  
**GACRC Web** (<http://gacrc.uga.edu>)
- To get the most effective and qualified support from us, go to  
**GACRC Support** ([https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Getting\\_Help](https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Getting_Help))
- To work happily and productively, follow the cluster's  
Community Code of Conduct (**CCOC**)

# How to work with it?

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- Cluster's CCOC:

On cluster, you are not alone..... Each user is sharing finite resources, e.g., CPU cycles, RAM, disk storage, network bandwidth, with other researchers.

*What you do may affect other researchers on the cluster.*

6 rules of thumb to remember:

- NO jobs running on login node
- NO multi-threaded job running with only 1 core requested
- NO large memory job running on regular nodes
- NO long job running on interactive node
- NO small memory job running on large memory nodes
- Use the copy node for file transfer and compression



# How to work with zcluster?

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- Start with zcluster
- Connect & Login
- Transfer Files
- Softwares Installed
- Run Interactive Jobs
- Submit Batch Jobs
  - How to submit *serial*, *threaded*, and *MPI* batch jobs
  - How to check job status, cancel a job, etc.

# How to work with zcluster – Start with zcluster

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- You need a **User Account** : [username@zcluster.rcc.uga.edu](mailto:username@zcluster.rcc.uga.edu)
- Procedure: [https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/User\\_Accounts](https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/User_Accounts)
- A UGA faculty member (**PI**) may register a computing lab:  
<http://help.gacrc.uga.edu/labAcct.php>
- The PI of a computing lab may request user accounts for members of his/her computing lab: <http://help.gacrc.uga.edu/userAcct.php>
- User receives an email notification once the account is ready
- User can use `passwd` command to change initial temporary password

# How to work with zcluster – Connect & Login

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- Open a connection: Open a terminal and `ssh` to your account

```
ssh zhuofei@zcluster.rcc.uga.edu
```

or

```
ssh -X zhuofei@zcluster.rcc.uga.edu
```

<sup>(1)</sup> `-X` is for X windows application running on the cluster to be forwarded to your local machine

<sup>(2)</sup> If using Windows, use `SSH client` to open connection, get from UGA download software page)

- Logging in: You will be prompted for your `zcluster password`

```
zhuofei@zcluster.rcc.uga.edu's password: █
```

<sup>(3)</sup> On Linux/Mac, when you type in the password, the prompt blinks and does not move)

- Logging out: `exit` to leave the system

```
zhuofei@zcluster:~$ exit
```

# How to work with zcluster – Transfer Files



- On Linux, Mac or cygwin on Windows : `scp [Source] [Target]`

*E.g. 1:* On local machine, do Local → zcluster

```
scp file1 zhuofei@copy.rcc.uga.edu:/escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25
```

```
scp *.dat zhuofei@copy.rcc.uga.edu:/escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25
```

*E.g. 2:* On local machine, do zcluster → Local

```
scp zhuofei@copy.rcc.uga.edu:/escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25/file1 ./
```

```
scp zhuofei@copy.rcc.uga.edu:/escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25/*.dat ./
```

- On Window: **FileZilla**, **SSH Secure Client File Transfer**, **WinSCP**, etc.



# How to work with zcluster – Softwares Installed

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- Perl, Python, Java, awk, sed, C/C++ and Fortran compilers
- Matlab, Maple, R
- Many Bioinformatics applications: NCBI Blast+, Velvet, Trinity, TopHat, MrBayes, SoapDeNovo, Samtools, RaxML, etc.
- RCCBatchBlast (RCCBatchBlastPlus) to distribute NCBI Blast (NCBI Blast+) searches to multiple nodes.
- Many Bioinformatics Databases: NCBI Blast, Pfam, uniprot, etc.
- For a complete list of applications installed:  
<https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Software>


# How to work with zcluster – Run Interactive Jobs

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- To run an interactive job, you need to open a session on an **interactive node** using **qlogin** command:

```

zhuofei@zcluster:~$ qlogin
Your job 1391816 ("QLOGIN") has been submitted
waiting for interactive job to be scheduled ...
Your interactive job 1391816 has been successfully scheduled.
...
compute-14-7.local$ ← Now I am on compute-14-7, which is an interactive node
  
```

- Current maximum runtime is **12** hours
- When you are done, remember to **exit** the session! 
- Detailed information, like interactive parallel job? Go to: [https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Running Jobs on zcluster](https://wiki.gacrc.uga.edu/wiki/Running_Jobs_on_zcluster)

# How to work with zcluster – Submit Batch Jobs

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- Components you need to submit a batch job:
  - **Software** already installed on zcluster
  - **Job submission script** to run the software,
    - ✓ Specifying working directory
    - ✓ Exporting environment variables, e.g.,
      - OMP\_NUM\_THREADS (OpenMP threads number)
      - LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH (searching paths for shared libraries)
- Common commands you need:
  - **qsub** with specifying queue name, threads or MPI rank number
  - **qstat, qdel**
  - **qacct, qsj**, etc.

# How to work with zcluster – Batch *Serial* Job

- **Step 1:** Create a job submission script *sub.sh* running Samtools:

```
#!/bin/bash
```

→ Linux default shell (**bash**)

```
cd /escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25
```

→ Specify and enter (**cd**) working directory (**/escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei\_Dec\_25**)

```
time /usr/local/samtools/latest/samtools <command> [options]
```

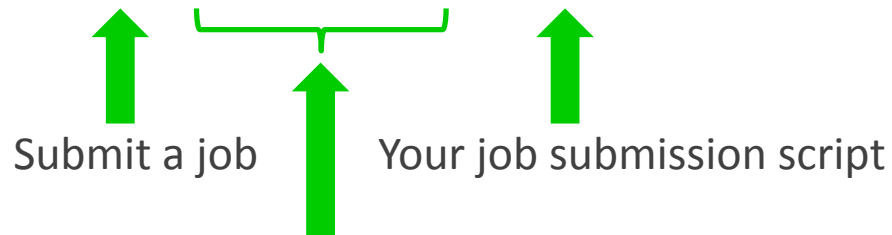
→ Run samtools with '**time**' command to measure amount of time it takes to run the application

- **Step 2:** Submit it to the queue:

```
$ qsub -q rcc-30d sub.sh
```

OR

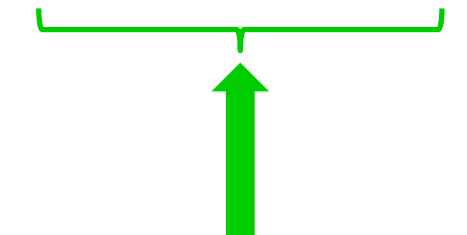
```
$ qsub -q rcc-30d -l mem_total=20g sub.sh
```



Submit a job

Your job submission script

to the queue rcc-30d  
with **16GB** RAM/Node



to the queue rcc-30d  
with **48GB** RAM/Node

# How to work with zcluster – Batch *Threaded* Job

- **Step 1:** Create a job submission script *sub.sh* running bowtie2:

```
#!/bin/bash
cd /escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25
/usr/local/bowtie2/latest/bin/bowtie2 -p 4 [options]
```

→ Run bowtie2 with 4 threads (-p 4)

Number of Threads =  
Number of Cores Requested

- **Step 2:** Submit it to the queue:

```
$ qsub -q rcc-30d -l mem_total=20g -pe thread 4 sub.sh
```

to the queue rcc-30d  
with 48GB RAM/Node

4 cores requested

Note:  
Please use the *rcc-mc-30d* queue,  
If using threads *more than 8!*

# How to work with zcluster – Batch *MPI* Job

- **Step 1:** Create a job submission script *sub.sh* running RAxML:

```
#!/bin/bash


cd /escratch4/zhuofei/zhuofei_Dec_25

export MPIRUN=/usr/local/mpich2/1.4.1p1/gcc 4.5.3/bin/mpirun → Define and export environment variable (MPIRUN)

$MPIRUN -np $NSLOTS /usr/local/raxml/latest/raxmlHPC-MPI-SSE3 [options] → Run RAxML with 20 MPI processes (-np $NSLOTS )
```

- **Step 2:** Submit it to the queue:

```
$ qsub -q rcc-30d -pe mpi 20 sub.sh
```


  
 20 cores requested,  
 \$NSLOTS will be assigned to 20 automatically, before  
 the job submission script is interpreted

# How to work with zcluster – Check and Cancel Jobs

- To check the status of all queued and running jobs: **qstat**

```

qstat           → shows your job in the pool
qstat -u "*"    → shows all the jobs in the pool
qstat -j 12345  → shows detailed information, e.g., maxvmem, about the job with JOBID 12345
qstat -g t      → list all nodes used by your jobs
  
```

- To cancel a queued or running job: **qdel**

```

qdel -u zhuofei → deleted all your jobs
qdel 12345      → deletes your job with JOBID 12345
  
```

- To list detailed information about a job: **qsj, qacct**

```

qsj 12345       → shows information, e.g., maxvmem, about the RUNNING job with JOBID 12345
qacct -j 12345  → shows information, e.g., maxvmem, about the ENDED job with JOBID 12345
  
```

Thank You!

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